## CLINICAL SKILLS: EXAMINATION OF THE HAND AND WRIST

There are 6 main concepts that need to be remembered for ALL of the regional examination of the musculoskeletal system:

- 1. **Position** always position your patient as you would like to examine them before you begin
- 2. Look inspect and observe the patient and around the patient's bedside
- 3. **Feel** for example, feeling a joint to see if it is hot or swollen
- 4. **Move** actively (the patient moves the joint) then passively (you do the movements for them)
- 5. Function can the patient move their joints in order to complete day to day tasks?
- 6. **Special tests** if applicable
- Wash hands
- Introduce yourself
- Ask permission to examine the relevant part of the body
- Expose the patient ideally in underwear only, at least exposing the joint of interest and the joints above and below this
- Reposition the patient standing up at first

## Position:

Position hands palm down on a pillow

## Look:

- At each joint including wrist
- Ask patient to turn over hands and look at palmar aspect of hand
- Look for signs such as;
  - o Thenar/hypothenar muscle wasting
  - Trigger finger
  - o Dupuytren's contracture
  - o Nail changes e.g.: pitting, onycholysis, nail fold vasculitis
  - o Raynaud's syndrome

## Feel:

- Before you feel, ask the patient if they are in any pain and if so, where.
- Temperature
- Radial pulse
- Squeeze the metocarpal-phalangeal joints (MCPs) to assess for pain
- Palpate each joint separately, including the wrist
- Test sensation in ulnar, median and radial distribution
- Feel for Dupuytren's contracture
- Feel for thenar or hypothenar muscle wasting

## Move:

- Actively:
  - o Prayer sign: two palms pressed together towards the midline
  - o Reverse prayer sign: two dorsal hands pressed together towards the midline
  - o Make a fist, and now clench my index finger with your fist
  - o Put each of your fingertips to your thumb in turn
  - o Spread out your fingers don't let me push them in



- Passively:
  - o Move the digits and wrists in turn

## **Function:**

• Do up button/pick up penny/use a pen

# Special tests:

- If carpal tunnel syndrome is suspected:
  - Phalen's test: hold hands for 60 sec in reverse prayer position, which will reproduce symptoms if median nerve is compressed (as in carpal tunnel syndrome)
  - Tinnel's test: tap repetitively and firmly over the palmar carpal retinaculum (just distal to the wrist) for 30 seconds - if there is median nerve compression then this should replicate their symptoms

# To conclude the examination:

- · Thank the patient
- · Tell them they can get dressed now
- Offer to examine the joint above and the joint below
- · Consider neurological examination of the limb examined

# The complete examination of the musculoskeletal system includes:

- Examination of the hand and wrist
- · Examination of the elbow
- Examination of the shoulder
- Examination of the spine
- Examination of the hip
- Examination of the knee
- Examination of the ankle and foot